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Outline



- Context and relevant
- Rational and background
- Governance and practice
- Project overview
- Progress of support
- Challenge and lesson learned

Context and relevant



UNPDF and UNDP CPAP 2011-2015 Outcomes Reference Resilient nations.

UNPDF Objective
Strengthen National and Local RESILIENCE to Climate Change,
Threats, Shocks and Disasters

UNPDF Outcome Disaster Risk Reduction

Increased national resilience to disasters, crisis and external shocks

CPAP Outcome UNDP

GOI and communities have minimized the risk of adverse impacts of disasters, through the application of DRR policies, regulations and practices

UNPDF Outcome Climate Change and Environment

Strengthened climate change mitigation and adaptation and environmental sustainability measures in targeted vulnerable provinces, sectors and communities

CPAP Outcome UNDP

National institutions and other key stakeholders are coherently and effectively addressing Climate Change (CC) adaptation and mitigation and ozone layer

RESILIENT NATIONS



Empowered lives. Resilient nations.









Rational and background



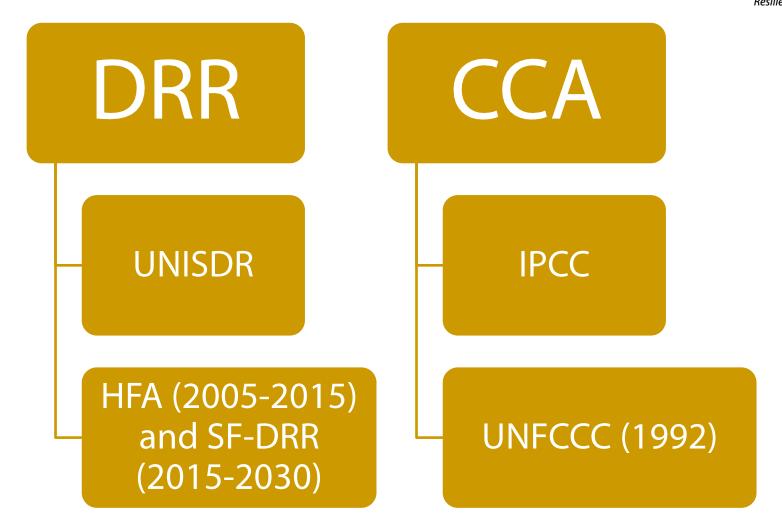
- Most frequent disasters in Indonesia are climate- induced
- Filling the (policy) gaps
- Breaking the silo and convening different actors
- UNDP Cross-practice areas initiatives
- Alignment with global commitment





Rational and background





Governance and practices



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Governance

Law

Institution

Plan

DRR

Disaster Management Law (Law No. 24/2007)

BNPB (National Disaster Management Agency) – established in 2008

BPBD (Local Disaster Management Agency)

National Disaster Management Plan (National Level)

Local Disaster Management Plan (Provincial & District)

CCA

Environmental Protection & Management (Law no. 32/2009) -> revision Law No. 23/1987

KLH (Ministry of Environment) - established in 1972

BPLHD (Local Environmental Management Agency)

National Action Plan on CCA (National Level)

Local Action Plan on CCA (Local Level)

Governance and practices



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Practice

Multistakeholder forum

Methodology

Data and Information

DRR

National DRR Forum

PERKA BNPB 02/2012 on guideline for disaster risk assessment

Indonesian Disaster Data and Information (DIBI)

CCA

CCA Working Group

Number of climate vulnerability assessment

System Inventory Data for Vulnerability Index (SIDIK)

Project overview



Project Goal:

Make disaster risk reduction a normal part of the development process that is embedded in core functions of the central and local government and its public partners

Strategic Objective:

Support the Government of Indonesia addresses climate risks in their existing disaster risk reduction initiatives.

Project Overview



Safer Communities through Disaster Risk Reduction in Development (SC-DRR) II







Output 1 (Policy Guidance) Output 2 (Technical capacities) Output 3
(Application of best practices)

Project overview



Convergence Framework of DRR-CCA

SC-DRR
Phase II
National policies
(IC-RMP)

SPARC

Sub

national capacitie

Project Overview



National Disaster Management Agency (IP)

National
Development
Planning Agency

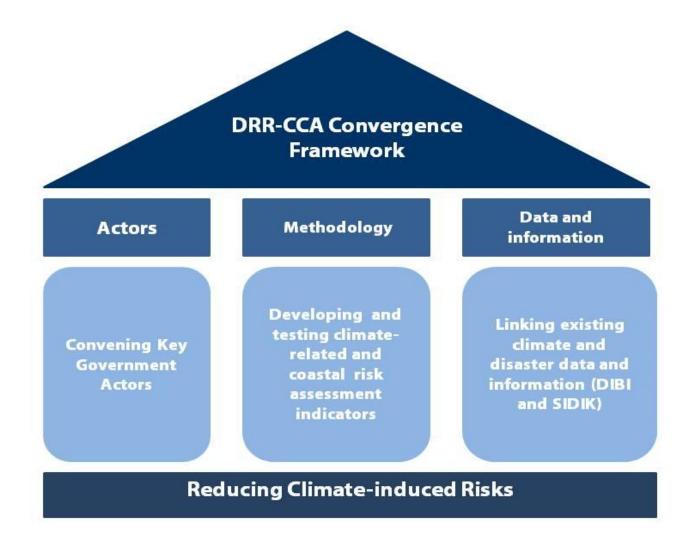
UNDP

Ministry of Home Affairs

Ministry of Environment and Forestry

Project Overview





Progress of support



Proposing the convergence of CCA-DRR

- 1. Integrating risk assessments (climate and disasters)
- 2. Managing climate-induced disaster risks
- 3. Improving knowledge, skill and culture for community resilient
- 4. Reducing vulnerability and increasing capacity of local communities
- 5. Improving synergy among stakeholders
- 6. Effective governance in building resilience and sustainability

Progress of support



Proposing DRR and CCA convergence scheme

	Integrating DRR into CCA
Policy	Relevant CCA policy can consider the purpose of managing and reducing current and future disaster risks to build community resilient
Strategy	CCA strategy can consider DRR measures which include taming the hazards, improving capacities and reducing vulnerability
Program	CCA Program should be built upon climate vulnerability assessment which consider future climate-induced risks.

Challenge and lesson learned



Challenges

- 1. Diverse regulations, institutions, and priority
- 2. Different methodologies
- 3. Data availability
- 4. Local government capacities

Lesson Learned

- 1. Alignment with national priority and need
- 2. Ownership of and partnership with key line ministries
- 3. Engagement of key stakeholders



THANK YOU